

**Table 1.** Biometric characteristics of the young and middle-aged groups

	<i>Young (n = 20)</i>	<i>Middle-aged (n = 20)</i>	<i>Effect size</i>
Age (y)	21.0 ± 1.6	42.6 ± 6.7*	4.55 (very large)
Stature (m)	1.80 ± 0.10	1.80 ± 0.10	0 (none)
Mass (kg)	85.9 ± 12.8	82.3 ± 11.2	0.31 (small)
Fat-free mass (kg)	77.0 ± 10.7	69.0 ± 8.6*	0.85 (moderate)
Fat mass (kg)	10.1 ± 4.5	14.3 ± 4.5*	0.96 (moderate)
Body fat percentage	11.6 ± 4.0	17.2 ± 4.1*	1.42 (large)
Bench press 1RM (kg)	104.3 ± 17.2	85.1 ± 16.2*	1.18 (moderate)
Squat 1RM (kg)	137.5 ± 26.3	99.4 ± 28.6*	1.42 (large)
Bent-over-row 1RM (kg)	96.5 ± 14.7	83.9 ± 12.3*	0.95 (moderate)

\*significantly different to Young group ( $P < 0.05$ )

**Table 2.** Training characteristics of the young and middle-aged groups

	<i>Young</i>	<i>Middle-aged</i>
<b>Years of resistance training</b> (mean $\pm$ SD)	4.5 $\pm$ 1.1	16.9 $\pm$ 11.4*
<b>Weekly frequency **</b>		
1 to 2	1 (5)	7 (35)
3 to 4	13 (65)	12 (60)
5+	6 (30)	1 (5)
<b>Session duration **</b>		
0 to 30 minutes	0 (0)	3 (15)
31 to 60 minutes	6 (30)	16 (80)
61 to 90 minutes	12 (60)	1 (5)
90+ minutes	2 (10)	0 (5)
<b>Reason for resistance training **</b>		
Strength	11 (55)	7 (35)
Hypertrophy	9 (45)	3 (15)
Fat loss	0 (0)	0 (0)
Health	0 (0)	10 (50)

\*significantly different to Young group ( $P < 0.05$ ). \*\*significant trend ( $P < 0.05$ )  
 Brackets denote percentage of responses in each category.

**Table 3.** Partial correlations for velocity (controlling for 1RM) and 1RM (controlling for velocity) with optimal power.

Group	<b>Bench press</b>		<b>Squat</b>		<b>Bent-over-row</b>	
	Velocity	1RM	Velocity	1RM	Velocity	1RM
<i>Young</i>	.404	.863*	.653*	.877*	.379	.725*
<i>Middle-aged</i>	.782*	.846*	.591*	.614*	.753*	.711*

\*significant correlation ( $P < 0.05$ )